Financial Statements

December 31, 2017



T 905 522 6555 F 905 522 6574 6th Floor, One James Street South Hamilton ON L8P 4R5

April 3, 2018

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Directors of Hospital Family Houses of Ontario

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Hospital Family Houses of Ontario, which comprise the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2017, and the statements of operations and changes in net assets and cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the organization's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the organization's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our qualified audit opinion.

Basis for Qualified Opinion

In common with many not-for-profit organizations, Hospital Family Houses of Ontario derives revenue from donations and fundraising activities, the completeness of which is not susceptible to satisfactory audit verification. Accordingly, our verification of these revenues was limited to the amounts recorded in the records of Hospital Family Houses of Ontario. Therefore, we were not able to determine whether any adjustments might be necessary to revenues, excess of revenues over expenses, net assets and cash flows.



Independent Auditor's Report, continued

Pettinelli Mastoluisi LLP

Qualified Opinion

In our opinion, except for the effects of the matter described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion paragraph, these financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Hospital Family Houses of Ontario as at December 31, 2017 and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations.

Chartered Accountants Licensed Public Accountants

Hamilton, Ontario

Statement of Financial Position

December 31, 2017, with comparative information for 2016

			December 31		
	General Fund	Capital Fund	2017 Total	2016 Total	
		•			
Assets					
Current assets					
Cash	\$ 88,886	\$ 164,059	\$ 252,945	\$ 212,895	
Short-term investments (Note 2)	106,767	25,000	131,767 8,865	126,428 7,650	
Accounts receivable	8,865 4,934	1.401	6,335	6,573	
GST/HST Public Service Bodies' Rebate receivable Prepaid expenses	26,518	-	26,518	6,513	
, ropald orpolises	235,970	190,460	426,430	360,059	
Building, furniture, fixtures and equipment (Note 3)		2,126,529	2,126,529	2,201,270	
	\$ 235,970	\$ 2,316,989	\$ 2,552,959	\$ 2,561,329	
Liabilities					
Current liabilities					
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (Note 4)	\$ 30,833	\$ -	\$ 30,833	\$ 27,237	
Net Assets					
Unrestricted	205,137	-	205,137	201,297	
Externally restricted	•	10,000	10,000	-	
Internally restricted	-	180,460	180,460	131,525	
Invested in capital assets		2,126,529	2,126,529	2,201,270	
	205,137	2,316,989	2,522,126	2,534,092	
	\$ 235,970	\$ 2,316,989	\$ 2,552,959	\$ 2,561,329	

Commitments (Note 5)

See accompanying notes to the financial statements.

APPROV	EN BY	THE E	ROAF	'n.
APPRUV		INE	JUMP	w.

 Director
Director

Statement of Operations and Changes in Net Assets

Year ended December 31, 2017, with comparative information for 2016

	Year end General	Year ended December 31, 2017 General Capital		Year ended December 3 General Capital		1, 2016	
	Fund	Fund	Total	Fund	Fund	Total	
Revenues							
Accommodation rent	\$ 317,835	\$ -	\$ 317,835	\$ 309,015	\$ -	\$ 309,015	
Donations	179,364	10,000	189,364	230,642	-	230,642	
Fundraising	89,036	-	89,036	124,318	-	124,318	
Unrealized gains on							
short-term investments	5,339		5,339	7,373		7,373	
	591,574	10,000	601,574	671,348		671,348	
Expenses							
. Wages and benefits	334,538	-	334,538	342,583	-	342,583	
Amortization	-	90,806	90,806	•	89,428	89,428	
Office and general	45,941	-	45,941	42,051	-	42,051	
Utilities	41,514	-	41,514	49,218	-	49,218	
Repairs and maintenance	17,203	-	17,203	30,833	-	30,833	
Golf tournament	16,285	-	16,285	25,536	•	25,536	
Insurance	15,411	-	15,411	14,164	-	14,164	
Equipment rental	10,837	•	10,837	10,842	-	10,842	
Interest and bank charges	9,759	-	9,759	12,766	2	12,768	
Telephone	9,620	-	9,620	8,966	-	8,966	
Professional fees	6,008	-	6,008	5,717	-	5,717	
Other fundraising	3,784	-	3,784	5,884	-	5,884	
Security	3,243	-	3,243	3,737	-	3,737	
Continuing education	2,158	-	2,158	5,237	-	5,237	
Supplies	1,974	-	1,974	1,416	-	1,416	
Volunteering	1,945	-	1,945	2,994	-	2,994	
Fees and dues	1,450	-	1,450	1,655	-	1,655	
Travel and meetings	532	-	532	992	-	992	
Property tax	530	_	530	331	-	331	
Rent (Note 5)	2		2	2		2	
	522,734	90,806	613,540	564,924	89,430	654,354	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over expenses for the year	68,840	(80,806)	(11,966)	106,424	(89,430)	16,994	
Net assets at the beginning							
of the year	201,297	2,332,795	2,534,092	169,873	2,347,225	2,517,098	
Interfund transfers (Note 6)	(65,000)	65,000		(75,000)	75,000		
Net assets at the end of the year	\$ 205,137	\$ 2,316,989	\$ 2,522,126	\$ 201,297	\$ 2,332,795	\$ 2,534,092	

See accompanying notes to the financial statements.

Statement of Cash Flows

Year ended December 31, 2017, with comparative information for 2016

	Year ended December 31			
		2017		2016
Cash flows from (used in) operating activities (Deficiency) excess of revenues over expenses for the year	\$	(11,966)	\$	16,994
Items not involving cash Amortization Unrealized gains on short-term investments		90,806 (5,339)		89,428 (7,373)
		73,501		99,049
Net change in non-cash working capital balances relating to operations Increase in accounts receivable Decrease (increase) in GST/HST Public Service Bodies'		(1,215)		(945)
Rebate receivable (Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses		238 (20,005) 3,596		(176) 12,973 5,064
Increase in accounts payable and accrued liabilities		(17,386)		16,916
		56,115		115,965
Cash flows from (used in) investing activities Purchase of building, furniture, fixtures and equipment		(16,065)		(14,547)
Net increase in cash during the year		40,050		101,418
Cash at beginning of the year		212,895		111,477
Cash at end of the year	\$	252,945	\$	212,895

See accompanying notes to the financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2017

Nature of operations

Hospital Family Houses of Ontario (the "Organization") is a not-for-profit organization which was incorporated by issue of letters of patent under the laws of Ontario on June 8, 2001. The Organization is currently operating under the name The Mark Preece Family House, in honour of a Hamilton area physician who passed away in 1997. The Organization's mission is to operate a "home away from home" that provides affordable, accessible accommodation in a compassionate environment for families receiving treatment in Hamilton area hospitals.

As a registered charity, Hospital Family Houses of Ontario is exempt from income taxes under the Income Tax Act (Canada).

1. Significant accounting policies

These financial statements are prepared in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations in Part III of the CPA Canada Handbook. The significant accounting policies are detailed as follows:

Cash

Cash consists of balances held with financial institutions, net of outstanding cheques and deposits.

Building, furniture, fixtures and equipment

Building, furniture, fixtures and equipment are recorded at cost. The Organization provides for amortization using the straight-line method at rates designed to amortize the cost of the building, furniture, fixtures and equipment over their estimated useful lives. The annual amortization rates are as follows:

Building	40 years
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	10 years
Signs	10 years
Computer equipment	3 years

Fund accounting

The General Fund accounts for the Organization's program delivery and administrative activities. This fund reports unrestricted contributions and restricted contributions to be used for general operations.

The Capital Fund reports the assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses related to the Organization's capital assets. Restricted contributions for the purpose of capital expenditures are reported in this fund.

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2017

1. Significant accounting policies, continued

Revenue recognition

The Organization follows the restricted fund method of accounting for contributions.

Unrestricted contributions are recognized as revenue of the General Fund in the year they are received or receivable, if the amount to be received can be reasonably estimated and collection is reasonably assured.

Restricted contributions related to capital assets are recognized as revenue of the Capital Fund in the year received or receivable, if the amount to be received can be reasonably estimated and collection is reasonably assured.

The Organization records contributed materials and services when a fair value can be reasonably estimated, when the materials and services are used in the normal course of operations, and when they otherwise would have been purchased. A substantial number of volunteers contribute their time to the Organization each year but because of the difficulty of determining the fair value, these contributed services are not recognized in the financial statements.

Investment income is recognized in the General Fund as income when earned.

Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the statement of financial position date and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the year. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Financial instruments

Measurement of financial instruments

The Organization initially measures its financial assets and liabilities at fair value, except for certain related party transactions that are measured at the carrying amount or exchange amount, as appropriate.

The Organization subsequently measures all its financial assets and financial liabilities at cost or amortized cost, except for investments in equity instruments that are quoted in an active market, which are measured at fair value. Changes in fair value are recognized in excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenses in the period incurred.

Financial assets measured at amortized cost include cash, accounts receivable and GST/HST Public Service Bodies' Rebate receivable.

Financial liabilities measured at amortized cost include accounts payable and accrued liabilities.

Financial assets measured at fair value include short-term investments.

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2017

1. Significant accounting policies, continued

Financial instruments, continued

Impairment

For financial assets measured at cost or amortized cost, the Organization determines whether there are indications of possible impairment. When there is an indication of impairment, and the Organization determines that a significant adverse change has occurred during the period in the expected timing or amount of future cash flows, a write-down is recognized in excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenses. A previously recognized impairment loss may be reversed to the extent of the improvement. The carrying amount of the financial asset may not be greater than the amount that would have been reported at the date of the reversal had the impairment not been recognized previously. The amount of the reversal is recognized in excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenses.

Transaction costs

Transaction costs related to financial instruments that will be subsequently measured at fair value are recognized in excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenses in the period incurred. Transaction costs related to financial instruments subsequently measured at amortized cost are included in the original cost of the asset or liability and recognized in excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenses over the life of the instrument using the straight-line method.

2. Short-term investments

Short-term investments include funds held in trust by Hamilton Health Sciences on behalf of the Organization. The funds are invested and managed in accordance with Hamilton Health Sciences' overall Canadian investment pool. The unrealized gains reported in the statement of operations are the result of the change in the market value of the underlying investments. The fair value of the invested funds has been determined based on quoted values at the close of business on December 31, 2017.

3. Building, furniture, fixtures and equipment

			December 31		
	Cost	Accumulated Amortization	2017 Net Book Value	2016 Net Book Value	
Building Furniture, fixtures and	\$ 2,342,852	\$ 356,303	\$ 1,986,549	\$2,029,051	
equipment Signs	300,772 18,408	167,035 12,165	133,737 <u>6,243</u>	164,135 8,084	
	\$ 2,662,032	\$ 535,503	\$2,126,529	\$2,201,270	

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2017

4. Accounts payable and accrued liabilities

Included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities are government remittances payable of \$6,733 (2016 - \$820), which includes amounts payable for payroll related taxes.

5. Commitments

The Organization leases land and building from Hamilton Health Sciences for a nominal amount of \$2 per year under a lease agreement expiring in 2027. The Organization may purchase the land and building at any time during the term of the lease for \$2.

6. Interfund transfers

During the year, the Organization transferred \$65,000 (2016 - \$75,000) from the unrestricted General Fund to the restricted Capital Fund to support ongoing renovations, improvements and capital expenditures.

7. Related party transactions

During the year, the Organization engaged in transactions with a related party totaling \$2,230 (2016 - \$2,933). The company that provided the goods and services is controlled by a director of the Organization. These expenditures have been included in volunteering, golf tournament and office and general in the statement of operations. In the current year, the entire amount was donated back to the Organization.

These transactions were recorded at the exchange amount, which is the amount of consideration established by the related parties.

8. Financial instruments

Transactions in financial instruments may result in an entity assuming or transferring to another party one or more of the financial risks described below. The required disclosures provide information that assists users of financial statements in assessing the extent of risk related to financial instruments.

Credit risk

The Organization does have credit risk in accounts receivable of \$8,865 (2016 - \$7,650). Credit risk is the risk that one party to a transaction will fail to discharge an obligation and cause the other party to incur a financial loss. The Organization reduces its exposure to credit risk by regularly reviewing the balance outstanding and creating an allowance for bad debts when applicable.

9. Comparative amounts

The financial statements have been reclassified, where applicable, to conform to the presentation used in the current year. The changes do not affect prior year results.